

# Genetic anchoring of the chromosome shotgun assembly of bread wheat by population sequencing

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Member of the



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- ▶ Shotgun assemblies are half-solved jigsaw puzzles.
- ▶ Genetic mapping to assign assembly contigs to chromosomal locations
- ▶ POPSEQ in barley and wheat



# The idea of POPSEQ

- ▶ Only 25 % of the barley WGS assembly could be positioned in the physical framework.

no. of contigs	2.7 million
cumulative length	1.8 Gb
mean contig length	700 bp
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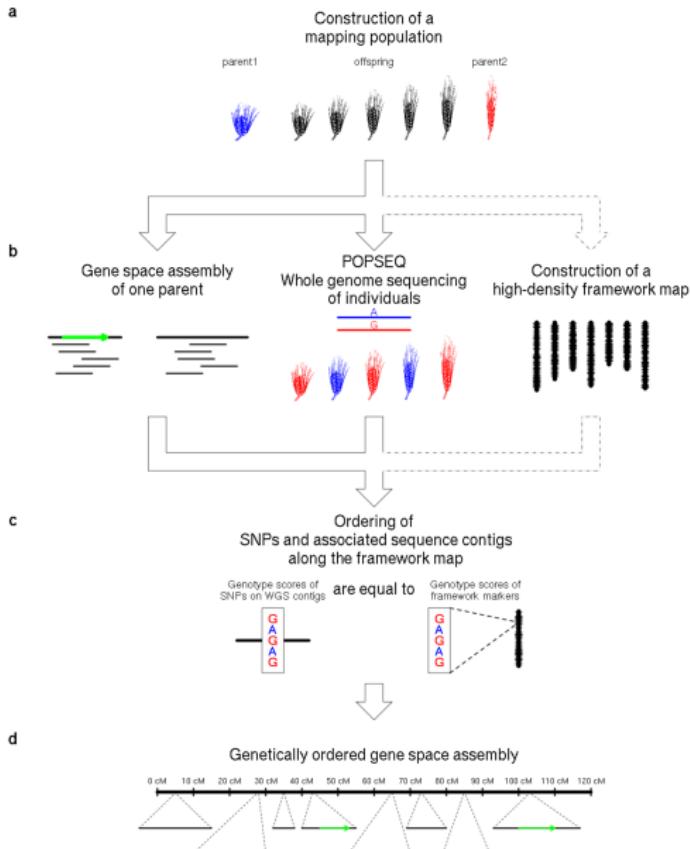
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- ▶ Idea: use whole genome sequencing for genotyping to establish marker order from sequencing data



# POPSEQ results in barley

- ▶ POPSEQ was done with one RIL (Morex × Barke) and one DH population (OWB).

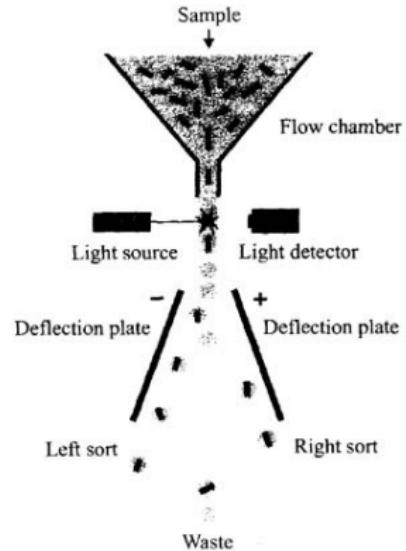
	MxB + OWB WGS	IBSC
No. of SNPs used for anchoring	11,229,709	498,165
Framework map	iSelect/OWB GBS	iSelect
No. of anchored contigs	747,077	138,443
Size of anchored contigs	1,222 Mb (65%)	410 Mb (21%)
Median length of anchored contigs	891 bp	1,775 bp
No. of anchored HC genes	20,932 (80%)	14,923 (57%)

- ▶ Three times more anchored sequence compared to the physical and genetic framework

# Chromosome shotgun sequencing (CSS) in wheat



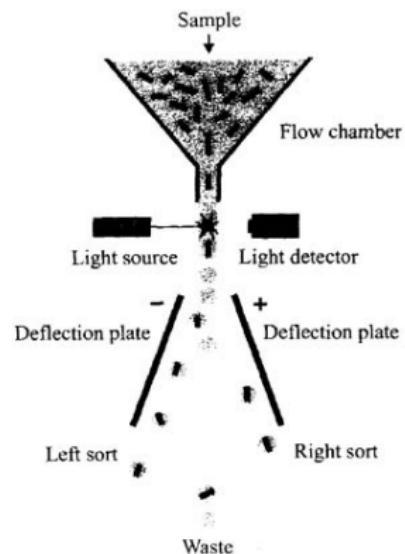
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- ▶ IWGSC has created shotgun sequence assemblies of all 40 wheat chromosome arms + 3B
- ▶ Single chromosome arms were isolated from cytogenetic stocks using flow cytometry



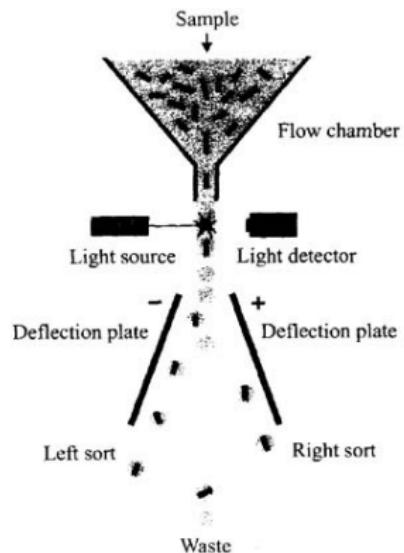
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- ▶ DNA libraries of sorted chromosomes were sequenced to high coverage on the HiSeq2000 and assembled by TGAC
- ▶ Total assembly size: 10.1 Gb



## Sequencing the Synthetic W7984 × Opata M85 population

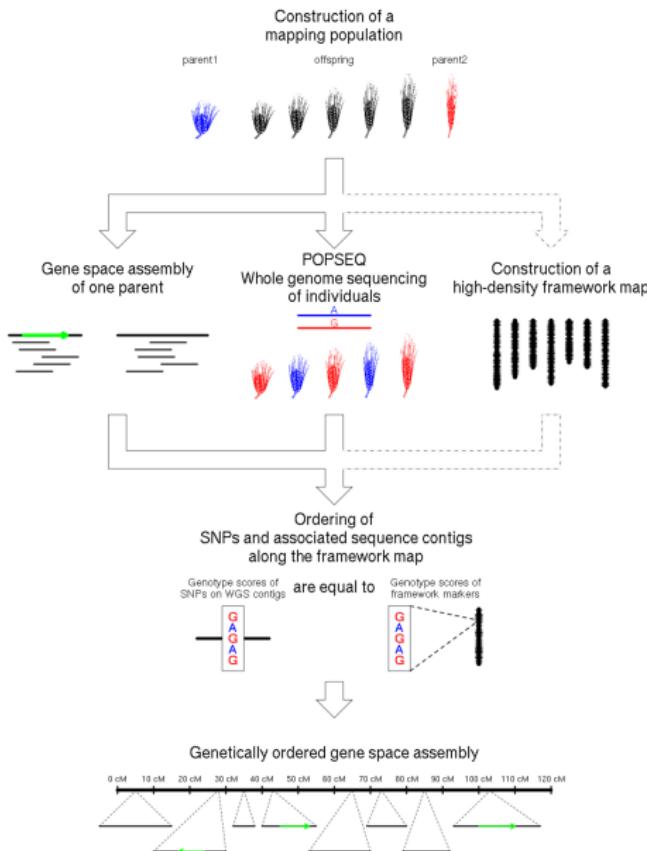
- ▶ POPSEQ anchoring of the CSS assembly by sequencing the SynOp doubled haploid population
- ▶ Synthetic wheat: artificial hybridization of a tetraploid durum wheat with *Ae. tauschii*.

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- ▶ POPSEQ anchoring of the CSS assembly by sequencing the SynOp doubled haploid population
- ▶ Synthetic wheat: artificial hybridization of a tetraploid durum wheat with *Ae. tauschii*.
- ▶ JGI sequenced 90 doubled haploid lines to 1x coverage.
- ▶ Read mapping and SNP calling were done with BWA and SAMTools.

# POPSEQ: putting together the pieces

a



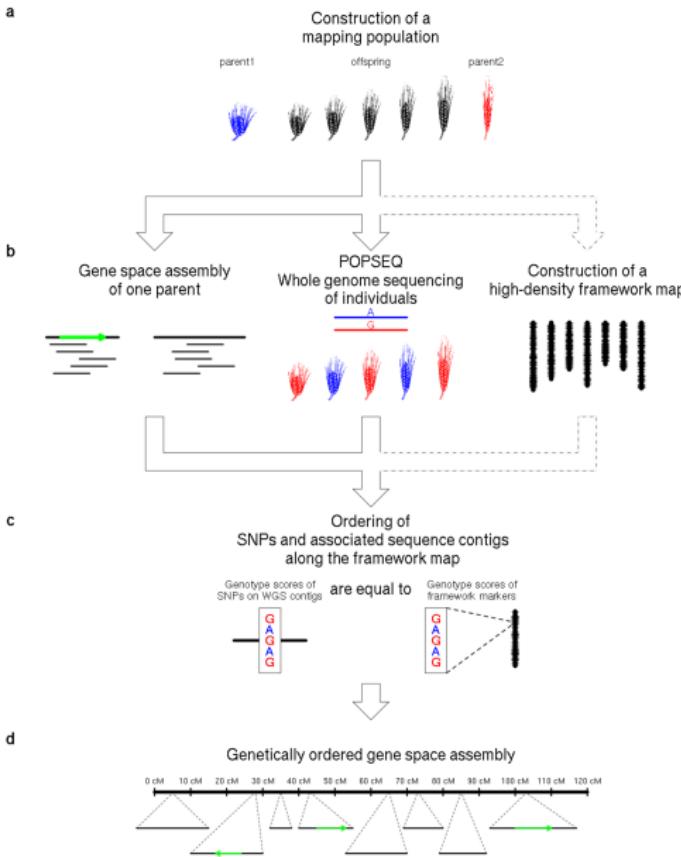
- ▶ Annotated sequence contigs of the wheat CSS assembly (IWGSC)

b

C

d

# POPSEQ: putting together the pieces



- ▶ Annotated sequence contigs of the wheat CSS assembly (IWGSC)
- ▶ A high-density genetic map was constructed through GBS of the Synthetic x Opata population (Poland, 2012).

# Placing the SNPs into a framework map

RIL #	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SNP on WGS contig	A	G	A	A	G	G	A	A	G	G

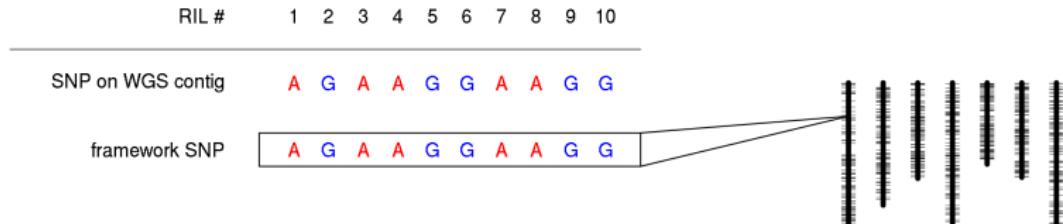
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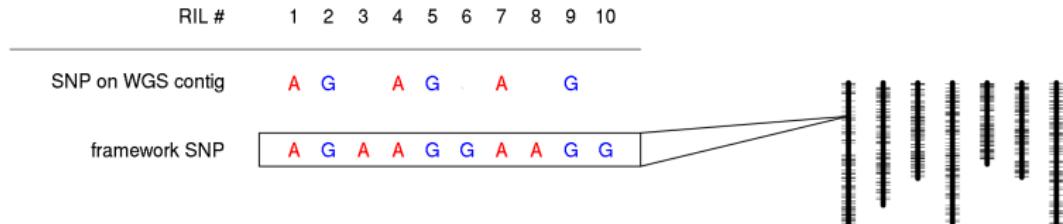
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- ▶ Consistency criteria for multiple nearest neighbors: framework are required to be within 5 cM.

# Wheat POPSEQ results

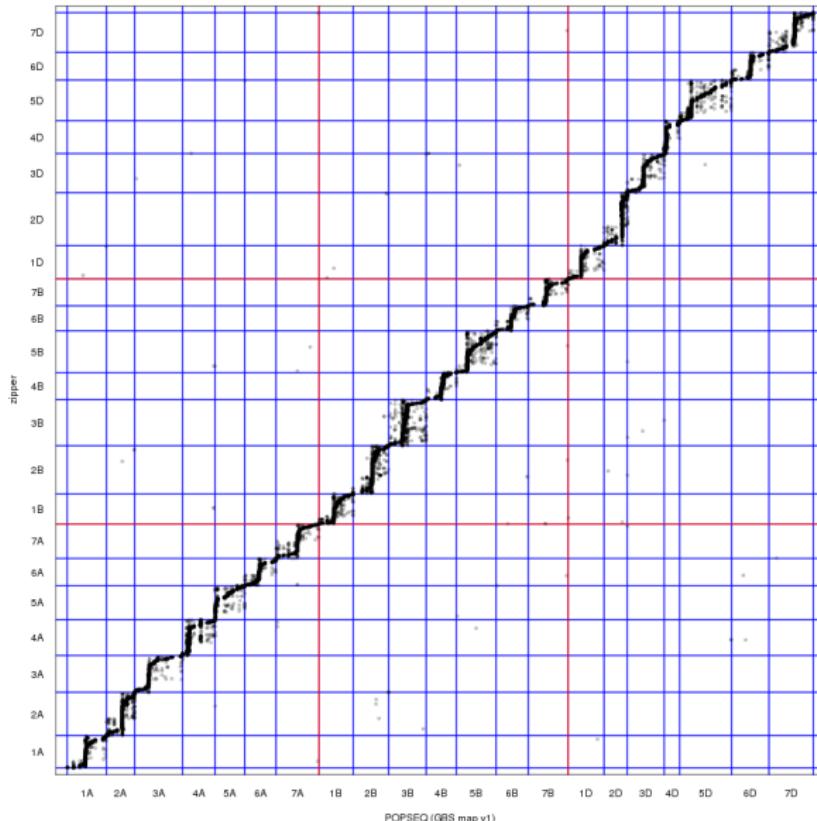
	wheat	barley
population	SynOp DH	OWB DH
assembly size	10.1 Gb (63 %)	1.8 Gb (38 %)
N50	2,308 bp	1,425 bp
size in contigs $\geq$ 1 kb	7.0 Gb	1.1Gb
size in contigs $\geq$ 5 kb	3.1 Gb	382 Mb
anchored length	4.4 Gb	1.0 Gb
anchored length $\geq$ 1 kb	4.2 Gb	811 Mb
anchored length $\geq$ 5 kb	2.3 Gb	279 Mb

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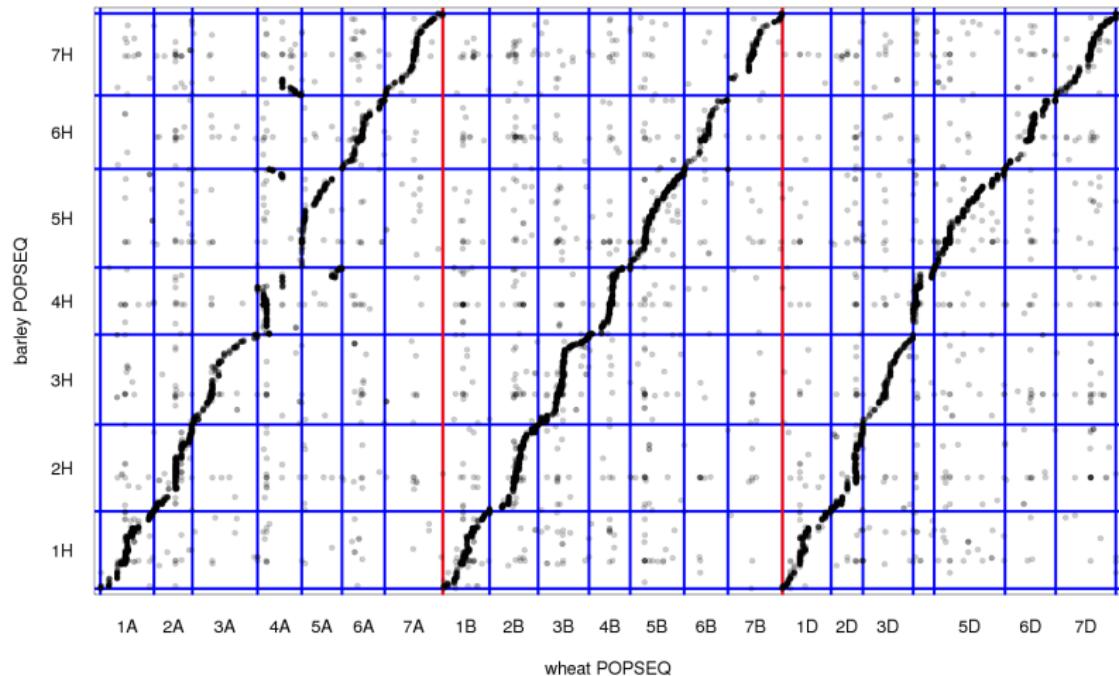
- ▶ 99.4 % agreement between POPSEQ and flow sorting

# Collinearity with the GenomeZipper



- ▶ 99.8 % agreement of chromosome assignments
- ▶ 85 % correlation within linkage groups
- ▶ 75,183 genes anchored by POPSEQ and/or GenomeZipper

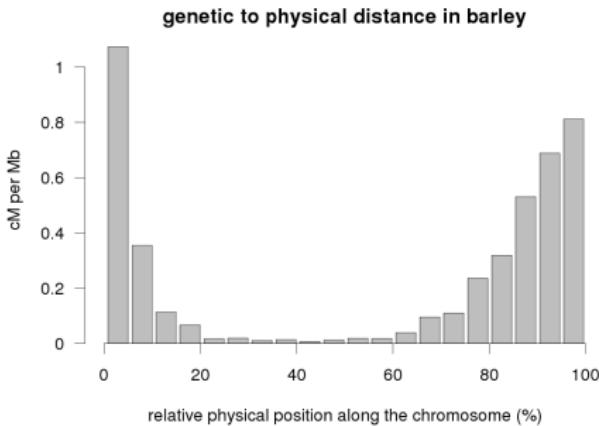
# Collinearity with barley



- ▶ 93 % agreement of group assignments; 91 % collinearity within groups

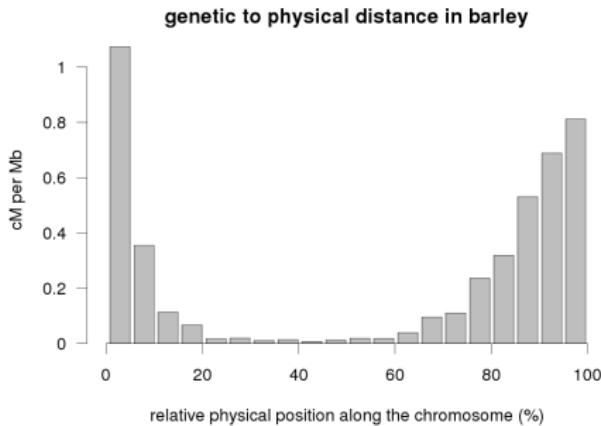
# Challenges and limitations of POPSEQ

- ▶ Biology: POPSEQ relies on recombination.



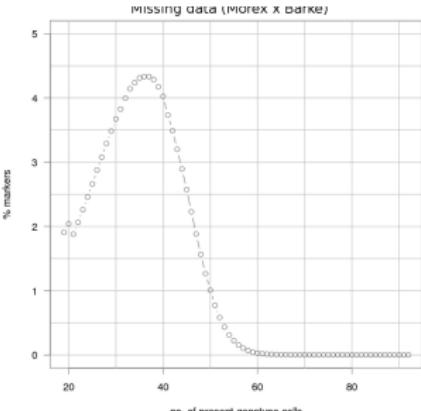
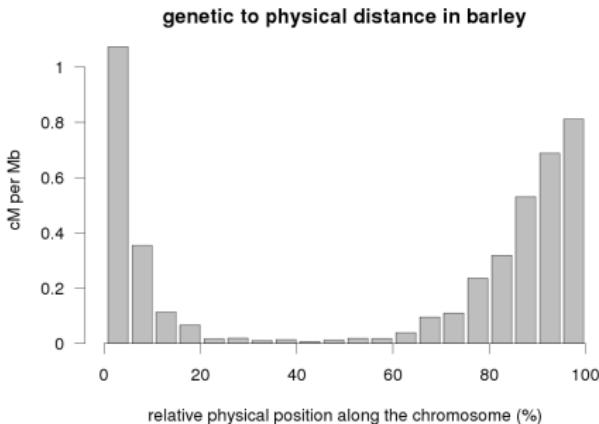
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- ▶ Algorithms: assembly quality (contig size and number)
- ▶ Technology/money: sequencing costs limit sequencing depth, population size and mapping resolution.



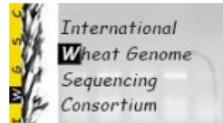
# Acknowledgements

- ▶ Nils Stein
- ▶ Uwe Scholz
- ▶ IWGSC
- ▶ Dan Rokhsar
- ▶ Jarrod Chapman
- ▶ Kerrie Barry
- ▶ Robbie Waugh
- ▶ Jesse Poland
- ▶ Gary Muehlbauer



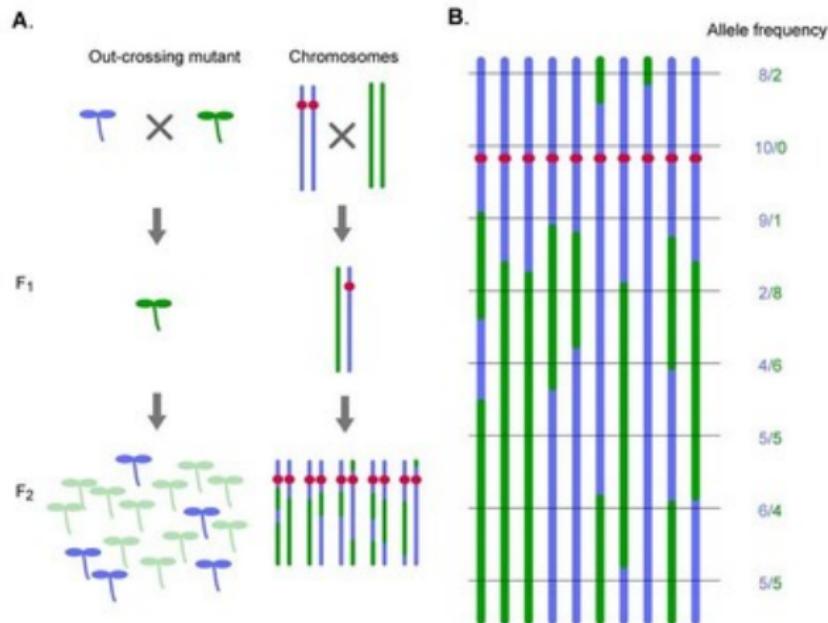
GEFÖRDERT VOM

Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung



# Mapping-by-sequencing

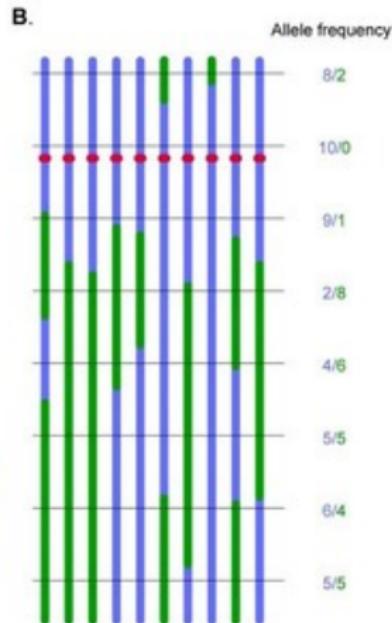
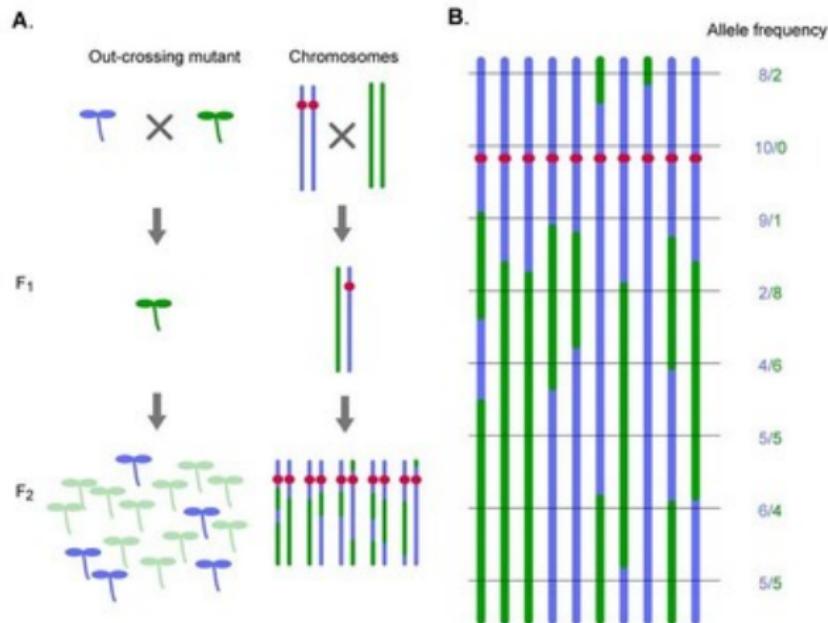
- ▶ Identification of causal genes by sequencing phenotypic pools



Schneeberger *et al.*, TIPS 2010

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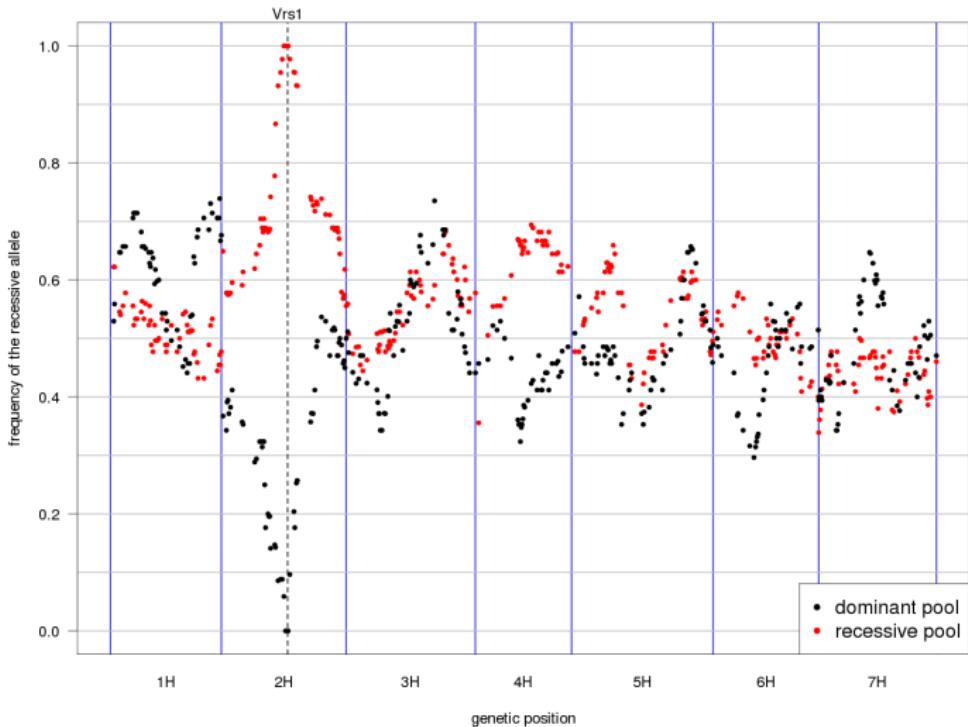
- ▶ Identification of causal genes by sequencing phenotypic pools
- ▶ Requires an ordered reference sequence



Schneeberger *et al.*, TIPS 2010

# Mapping-by-sequencing

- ▶ Mapping-by-sequencing of the sixed-row spike gene (*vrs1*) in OWB



## POPSEQ anchoring of the barley physical map

	BAC contigs	sequenced clones
POPseq data	MxB + OWB	MxB + OWB
# all contigs	9,265	6,278
# with WGS contigs	5,872	6,243
# with anc. WGS contigs	5,720	6,189
# anchored	5,193	5,591
length	3.95 Gb	703 Mb

- ▶ POPSEQ can assign additional physical contigs to chromosomes to assist MTP sequencing