Applying Machine Learning to Plant Literature: Augmenting Human Curation

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Problem: Data isolation







What do we want to know?

- What is known about my gene or gene set of interest?
- Which genes lack information?

Solution: Capture data in a structured way and interconnect them



Benefits of structured and interconnected data



- Answer questions more easily.
 - What is known about my gene or gene set of interest?
 - Which genes lack information?
 - What are the functions of the genes in my newly sequenced genome?
- structured data, completeness of the answers.

TAIR's manual literature curation structures data





What is a Gene Ontology (GO) annotation?



Potential literature and existing annotations



	Arabidopsis	Maize	Wheat	Tomato
'Gene' publications	52,000	16,000	14,000	11,000
Experimental Gene Ontology Annotations (AmiGO)	83,465	843	65	1,257

A. thaliana literature curation 2015-18



One solution: more curators



Computational solutions



Biomedical text mining



- Named entity recognition
 - Detect genes, diseases, ontology terms
- Relation/event extraction
 - Detect and classify semantic relationships between entities
 - PHYB involved in photomorphogenesis
- Document classification
 - Example: Identify drugs used in breast cancer treatment within a large document collection



BioCreative

- At least six competitions since 2003
- named entity recognition and entity-fact associations in text
- 2013:
 - Retrieving GO evidence sentences for relevant genes
 - Predicting GO terms for relevant genes
 - Results: "much progress is still needed"



KNOWLEDGE DISCOVERY THROUGH FULL TEXT MINING, CLASSIFICATION AND SEARCHING

- Textpresso: automated information extraction system for mining full text
 - Returns sentences that match search parameters
 - Dictionary based matching
 - Suggested GO annotations

Text Mining +

- TACC + Oregon State + plant journals
- Entity recognition in submitted manuscripts: Gene names, Plant Ontology terms, chemicals
- Machine Learning to detect possible relationships between detected entities by co-occurrence
- Author approval of extracted entities







■ Diffusion of CO Cell Interface in PEP Carboxylas

Hugo Alonso-Cantabrana, Asap Susanne von Caemmerer, Robe Published September 2018. DOI: http

Dive Curated Terms

The following phenotypic, genotypic, and functional terms are of significance to the work described in this paper:

DCDP CHEBI: CHEBI:28846

HEPES CHEBI: CHEBI:46756

NADPH CHEBI: CHEBI:16474

acetosyringone CHEBI: CHEBI:2404

bundle sheath AmiGo: PO:0006023

callus induction Planteome: TO:0000428

leaf AmiGo: PO:0025034

mesophyll AmiGo: PO:0006070

seed AmiGo: PO:0009010







What is the next step?



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Machine Learning (ML)



Adapted from: https://vitalflux.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/Screen-Shot-2018-02-04-at-8.09.33-PM.png

Applications in Daily Life

• Google Photos – upload pictures, identify faces as people, new pictures get labeled with those people's names

- People who bought X also bought Y
 - **:**
- Waze updating routes and arrival time incorporating real time information from users

Applications in Biology



 Computational identification of DNA sequences that control gene expression



 Identification of adverse hospital events from electronic health records

How would we use ML?

- Goal: automated GO annotation extraction from published literature
- Input: full text papers
- Output: structured experimental GO annotations



- Start with Arabidopsis
- Populate TAIR, PhyloGenes, GO with the results



Manual Curation Process





Curation Process with Machine Learning





Add Machine Learning and Human-in-the-loop Feedback



Curation Process with Machine Learning



More structured experimental information \rightarrow better predictions for other plants















Shabari



